

MULTIPLE SYSTEM ATROPHY

Parkinsonism

Autonomic dysfunction

Cerebellar signs

Pyramidal signs

Classified as MSA-C (cerebellar type) or MSA-P (parkinsonian)



AUTONOMIC DYSFUNCTION IN MSA

- Orthostatic hypotension: SBP drop of > 30 mm Hg or DBP drop of > 15 mm Hg after standing 3 mins
- GU dysfunction
 - Impotence in men presenting feature in 37%, occurs in 96% with progression
 - Urinary symptoms from detrusor hyperreflexia, urethral sphincter weakness, failure of detrusor contraction
- Gl dysfunction
 - Constipation in 57 %
 - Dysphagia



EDUCATION

- Support groups
- Internet information
- Doctor
- Prepare



MINDFULNESS

 a mental state achieved by focusing one's awareness on the present moment, while calmly acknowledging and accepting one's feelings, thoughts, and bodily sensations,



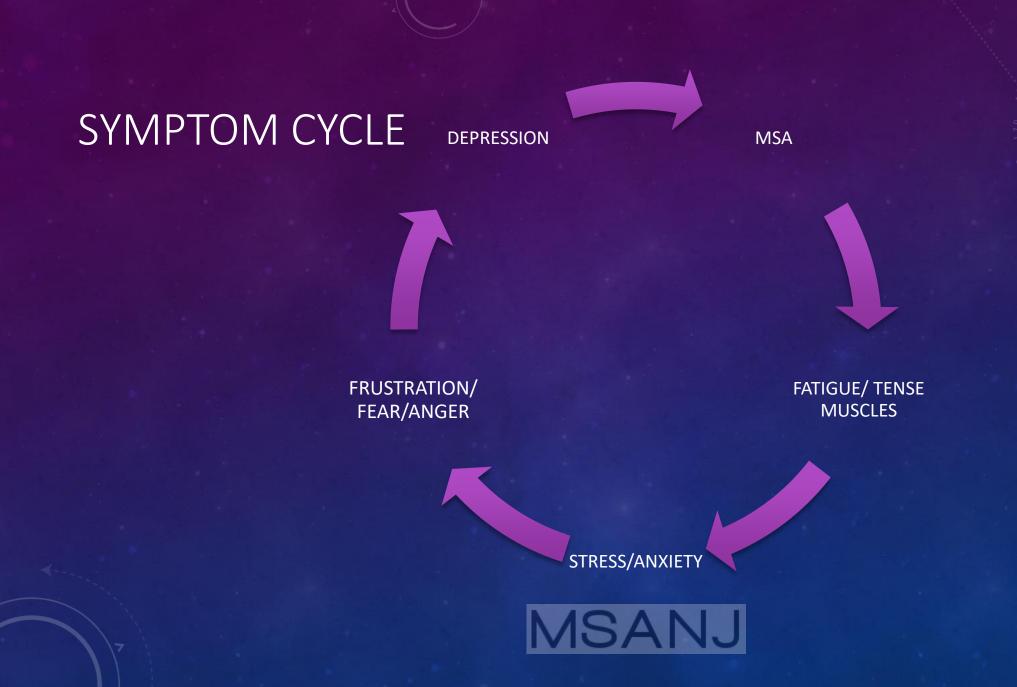
MINDFULNESS PRACTICE

- Focus on breath
- Pay attention to body sensations while breathing
- Observing body sensations, activity in our minds, thoughts, and emotions from moment to moment



WHY PRACTICE MINDFULNESS

- What does our mind do during the day?
- Past
 - Memories
 - Regrets
- Future
 - Anticipating
 - Planning
 - Worrying
- Drains energy, obstacle to experiencing moments of stillness and contentment



MANAGE STRESS

- Chronic stress floods your brain with cortisol, which leads to impaired memory.
- To better understand if easing tension changes your brain, Harvard researchers studied men and women trained in a technique called mindfulness-based stress reduction (MBSR). This form of meditation which involves focusing one's attention on sensations, feelings and state of mind has been shown to reduce harmful stress hormones. After eight weeks, researchers took MRI scans of participants' brains that showed the density of gray matter in the hippocampus increased significantly in the MBSR group, compared with a control group.



FOODS FOR YOUR BRAIN

Caffeine



- Herbs and spices such as black pepper, cinnamon, oregano, basil, parsley, ginger and vanilla are high in antioxidants, which may help build brainpower.
- Circumin, the ingredient in Tumeric may be helpful. bonds to amyloid plaques that accumulate in the brains of people with Alzheimer's disease." Animal research shows curcumin reduces amyloid plaques and lowers inflammation levels. A study in humans also found those who ate curried foods frequently had higher scores on standard cognition tests.

MEDITERANIAN DIET

- A heart-friendly Mediterranean diet fish, vegetables, fruit, nuts and beans — reduced Alzheimer's risk by 34 to 48 % in studies conducted by Columbia University.
- A study from Vanderbilt University found that people who drank three or more servings of fruit or vegetable juice a week had a 76 % lower risk for developing Alzheimer's disease than those who drank less than a serving weekly.



OMEGA 3

• Fish contains omega-3s—and people with the lowest levels of omega-3 fatty acid in their blood cells had smaller brains compared to those with high levels





WALNUTS

 People who ate a small handful every day improved their working memory by 19 percent, according to a Spanish study. Polyphenols in walnuts are thought to reduce improve communication between neurons



SPINACH

 Filled with magnesium, these greens can help dilate blood vessels, boosting blood flow throughout the body and brain



OLIVE OIL

 Fatty acids and polyphenols help to reduce inflammation in your joints and cells.



FLAX SEED



VITAMIN B12



FOLATE



DARK CHOCOLATE

 Just a few ounces of cocoa can help you concentrate improving blood flow to the brain. Stick with as pure as you can get.



CALCIUM



SLEEP

Cognitive benefits of sleep and their loss due to sleep deprivation





PREPARE FOR YOUR APPOINTMENT

- Time is limited, make the most of it
- Prioritize
- Come with paper and pen
- Write down your questions



DON'T COME ALONE

- Bring someone with you to your visit
- Another set of ears
- Someone who knows you and what goes on day to day and can help provide information



BE HONEST



MEDICATIONS

- Make a list of your medications
 - Name of the medication
 - Strength of the medication
 - Brand name or generic
 - The times that you take the medication
 - The amount of medication taken at each dose
 - Include ALL medications including supplements and OTC medications
- Alternatively bring the bottles of medication

QUESTIONS

- Do not be afraid to ask questions
- If you do not understand something, ask for more of an explanation
- Ask about the future
- Ask about research
- Bring articles that your have questions about to your visit
 MSANJ

OPINIONS

- Do not be afraid to ask for another opinion
- Tell your doctors if you want them to communicate with other health care providers involved in your care



EXERCISE

- Resistance training
- Aqua therapy
 - Hypotension less likely in the water
- Postural control
- Core strength
- Safety
- Wheelchair assesment

